

matplotlib

August 28, 2023

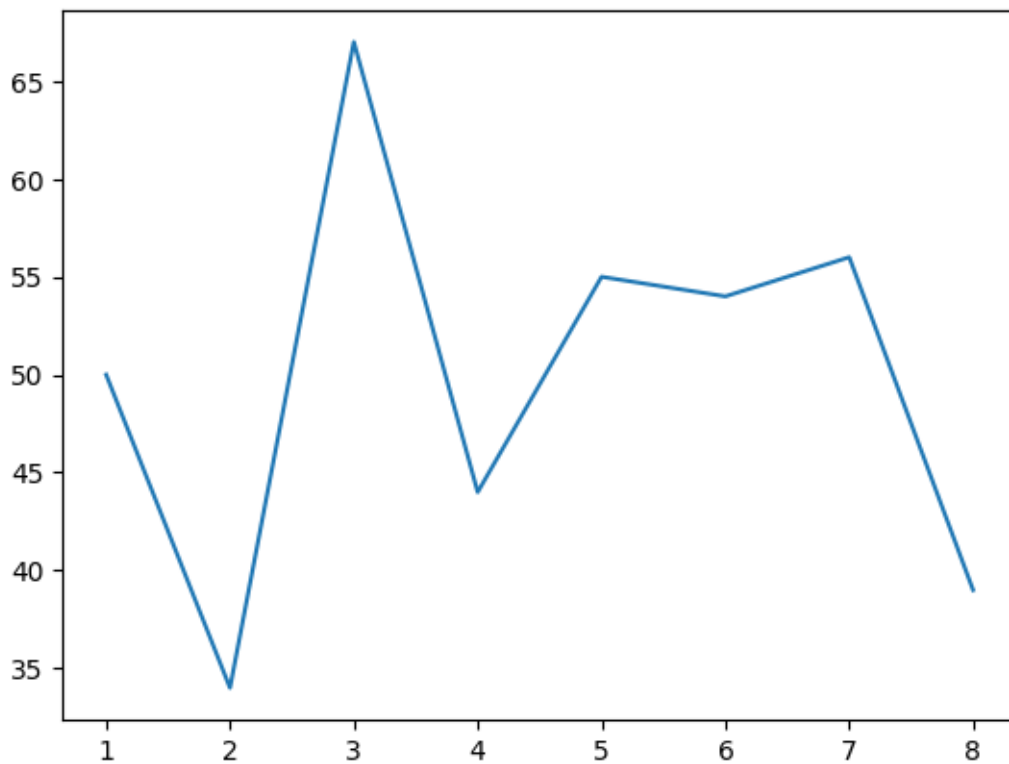
1 Matpoltlib

1.1 Importing matplotlib pyplot

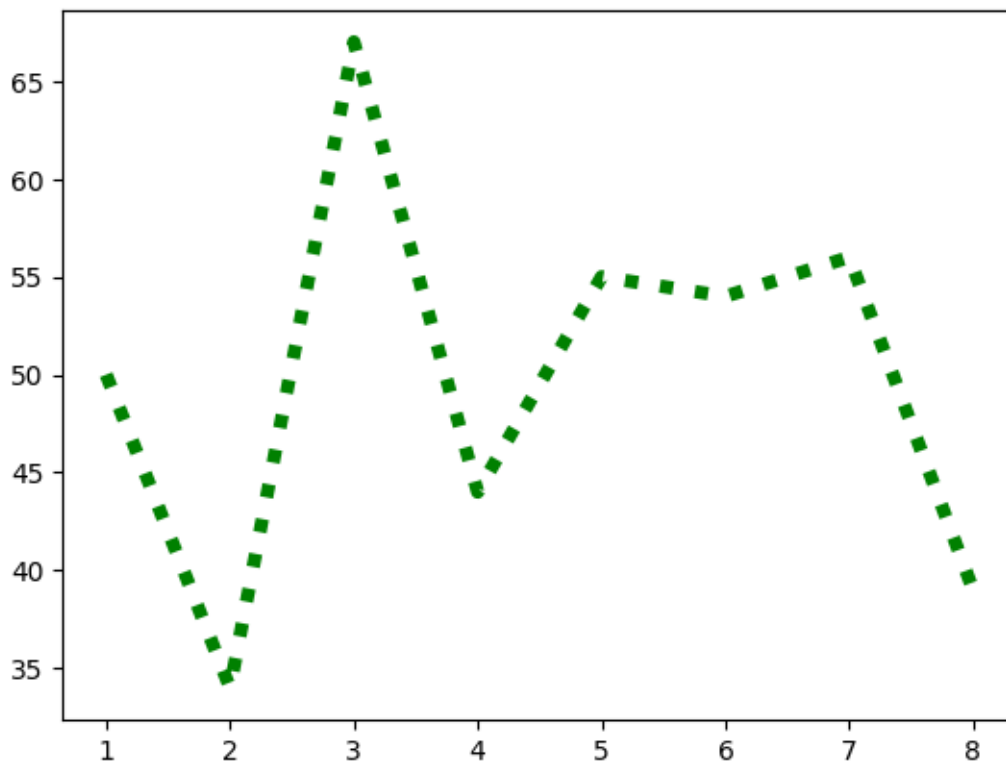
```
[1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np  
%matplotlib inline
```

1.2 Simple plot

```
[2]: x = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]  
y = [50 , 34, 67, 44, 55,54, 56,39]  
plt.plot(x , y)  
plt.show()
```



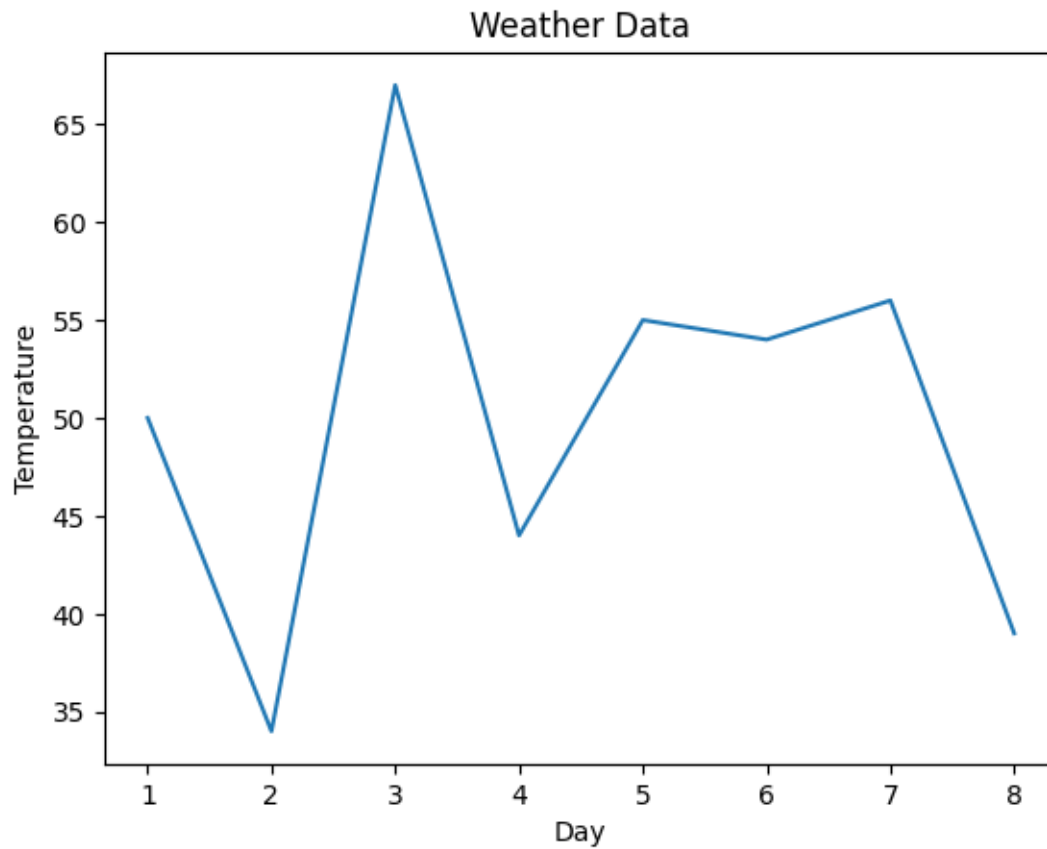
```
[3]: x = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
y = [50 , 34, 67, 44, 55,54, 56,39]
plt.plot(x , y , color = "green" , linewidth=5 , linestyle = "dotted")
plt.show()
```



1.3 Lable and Title

```
[4]: plt.xlabel("Day")
plt.ylabel("Temperature")
plt.title("Weather Data")
plt.plot(x ,y)
```

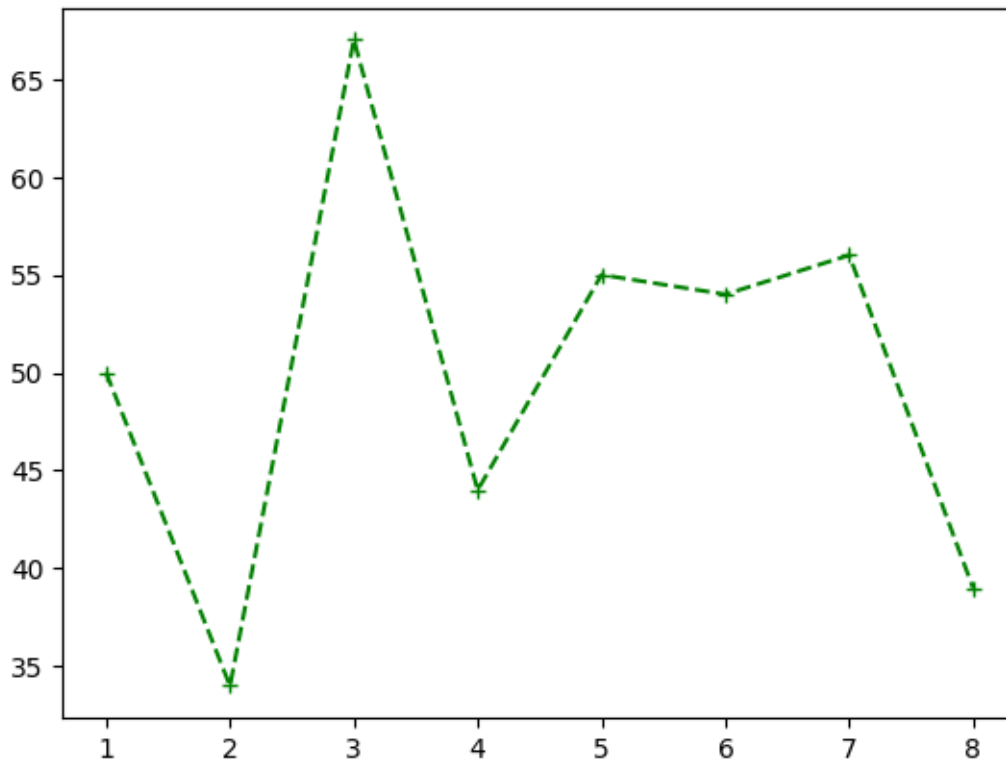
```
[4]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f2697f0a290>]
```



1.4 Format String

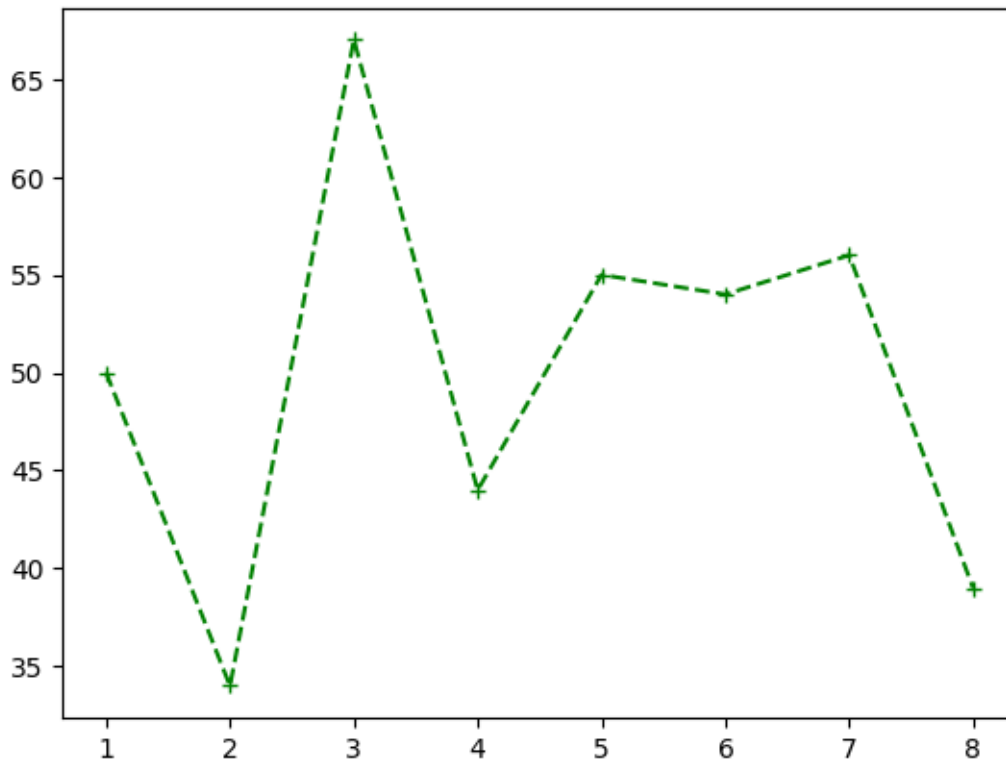
```
[5]: plt.plot(x ,y , "g--+")  
     # g : green  
     # + : point indicator  
     # -- : dotted  
     # and so on in documantation....
```

```
[5]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f2697d59030>]
```



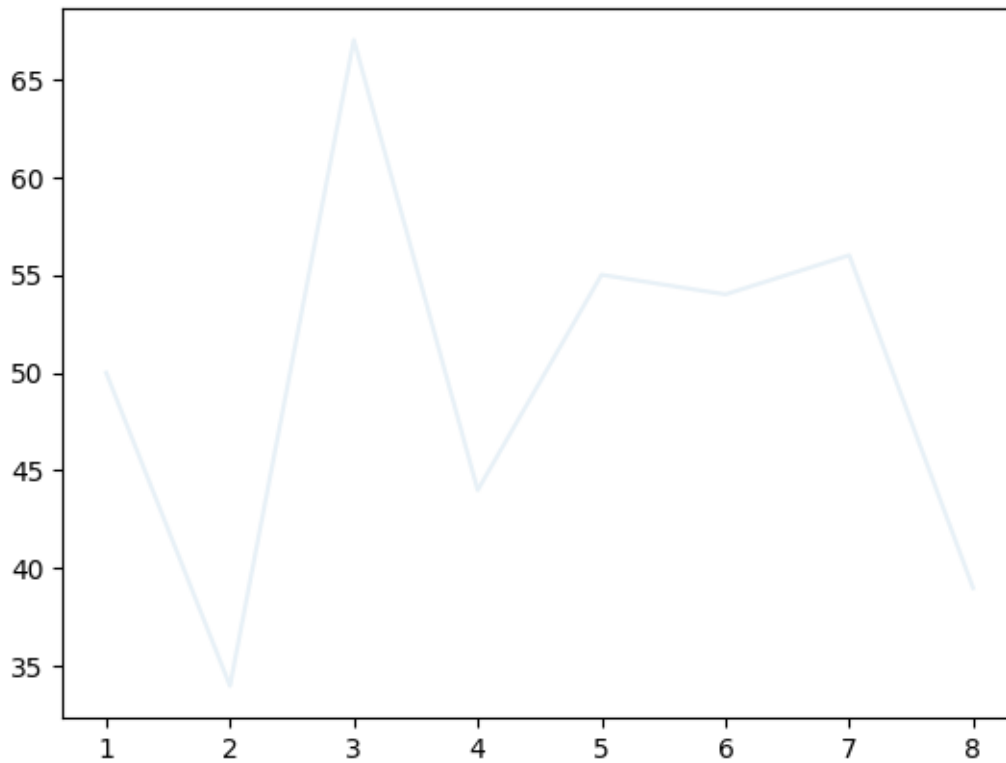
```
[6]: plt.plot(x , y , linestyle = "--" , color = "green" , marker = "+")  
     # same output  
     # makersize --> for set size of maker
```

```
[6]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f2697dbfbb0>]
```



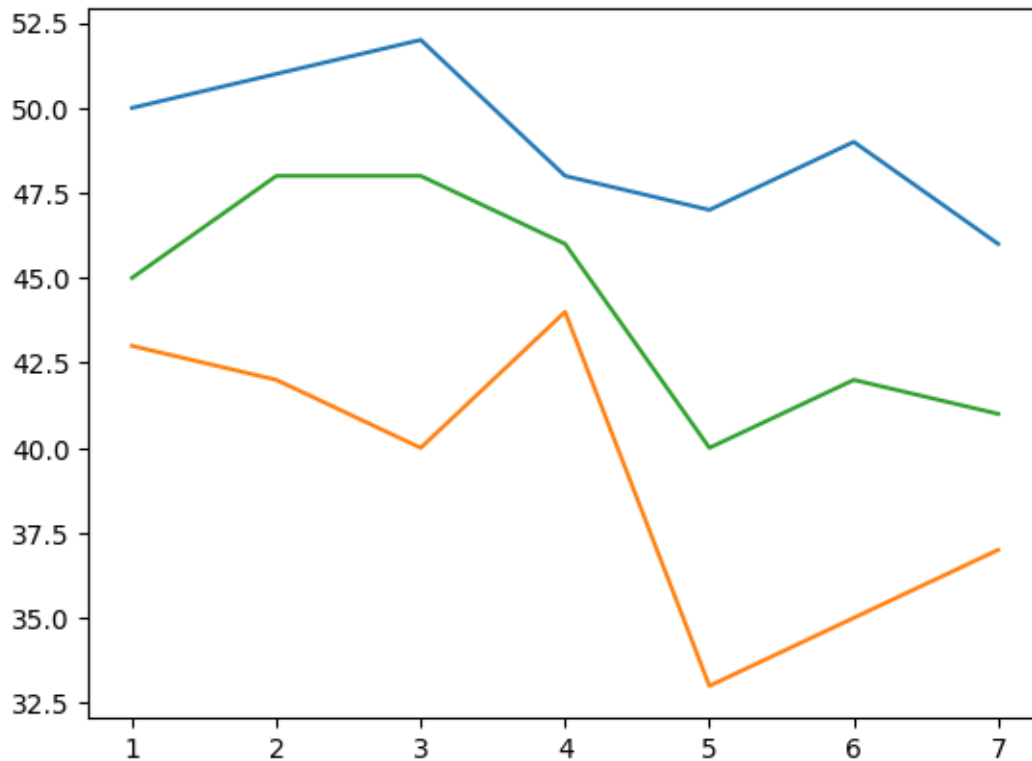
```
[7]: plt.plot(x , y , alpha = 0.1) # alhpa --> transparency 0 - 1
      # 0 --> invisible
      # 1 --> full
      # There are so many porperties in plot documantation
```

```
[7]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f2697c4ef20>]
```



1.5 Multiple graphs

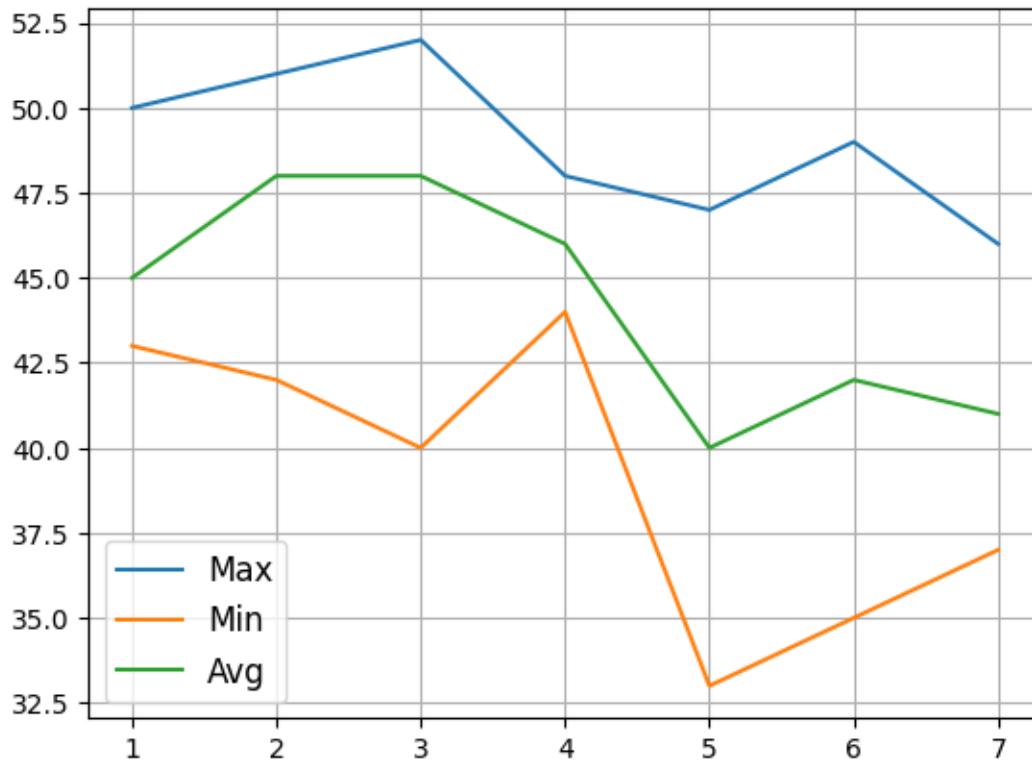
```
[8]: # Data
days=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
max_t=[50,51,52,48,47,49,46]
min_t=[43,42,40,44,33,35,37]
avg_t=[45,48,48,46,40,42,41]
# Graps
plt.plot(days , max_t)    # x axis = days and y axis = max_t
plt.plot(days , min_t)    # x axis = days and y axis = min_t
plt.plot(days , avg_t)    # x axis = days and y axis = avg_t
plt.show()
```



1.6 Create Lable

```
[9]: plt.plot(days , max_t , label = "Max")      # set a label Max
plt.plot(days , min_t , label = "Min")          # set a label Min
plt.plot(days , avg_t , label = "Avg")          # set a label Avg
# It will not display until we use:
plt.legend()
# Change location of legend:
plt.legend(loc = "best")                        # set in best place automatically
plt.legend(loc = "lower left" , fontsize = "large") # set in lower left and
↳ font size large

# Greeding:
plt.grid()   # make grid lines in plot
```



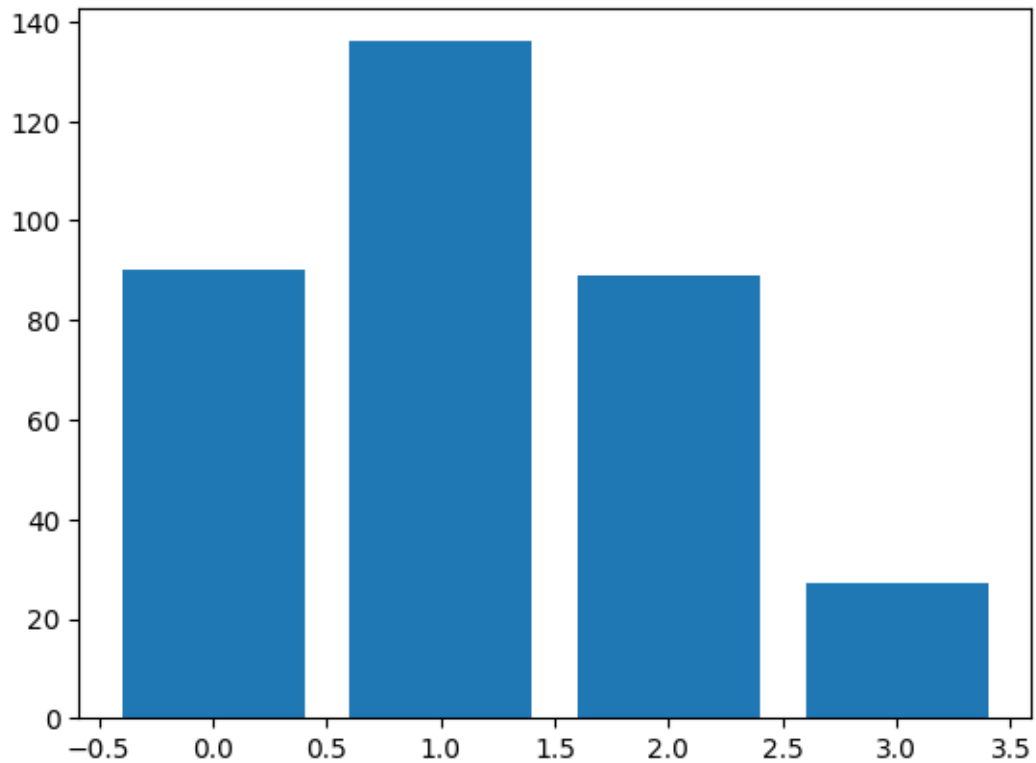
1.7 Bar Chart

```
[10]: company=['GOOGL', 'AMZN', 'MSFT', 'FB']
      revenue=[90,136,89,27]
      profit = [40 , 2 , 32 , 12]
      xposition = np.arange(len(company))
      print(xposition)
```

```
[0 1 2 3]
```

```
[11]: plt.bar(xposition , revenue)
```

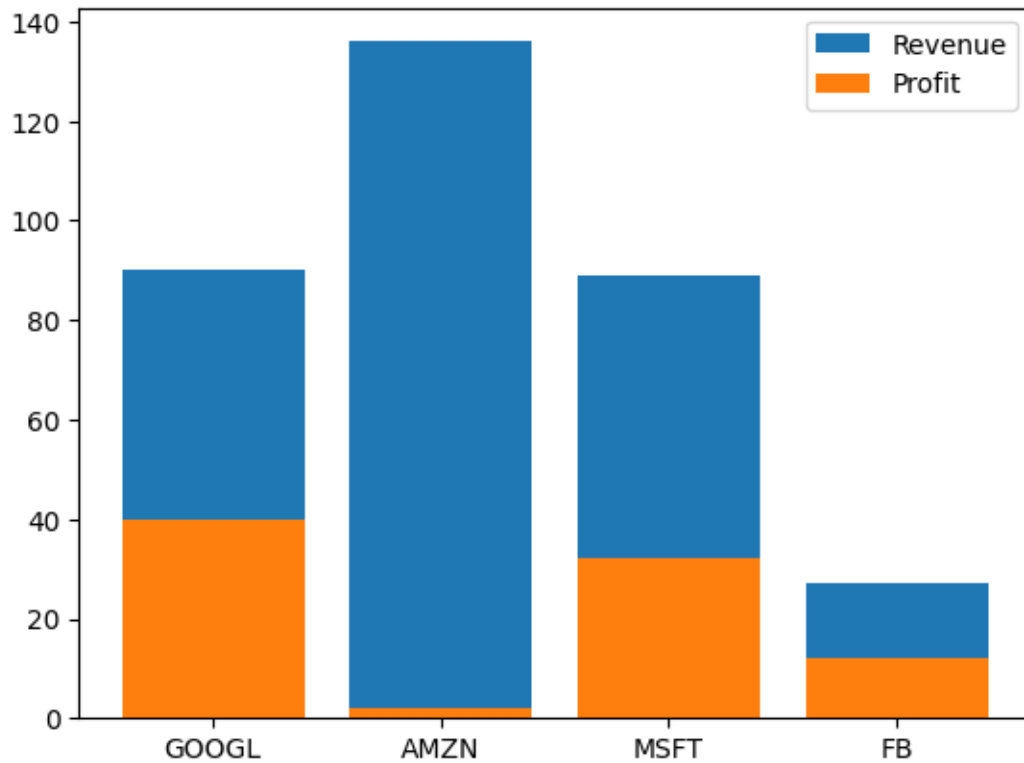
```
[11]: <BarContainer object of 4 artists>
```



```
[12]: # Replace 1 , 2 , 3 etc to lables:
plt.bar(xposition , revenue, label = "Revenue")
plt.xticks(xposition , company , label = "Coumpany")

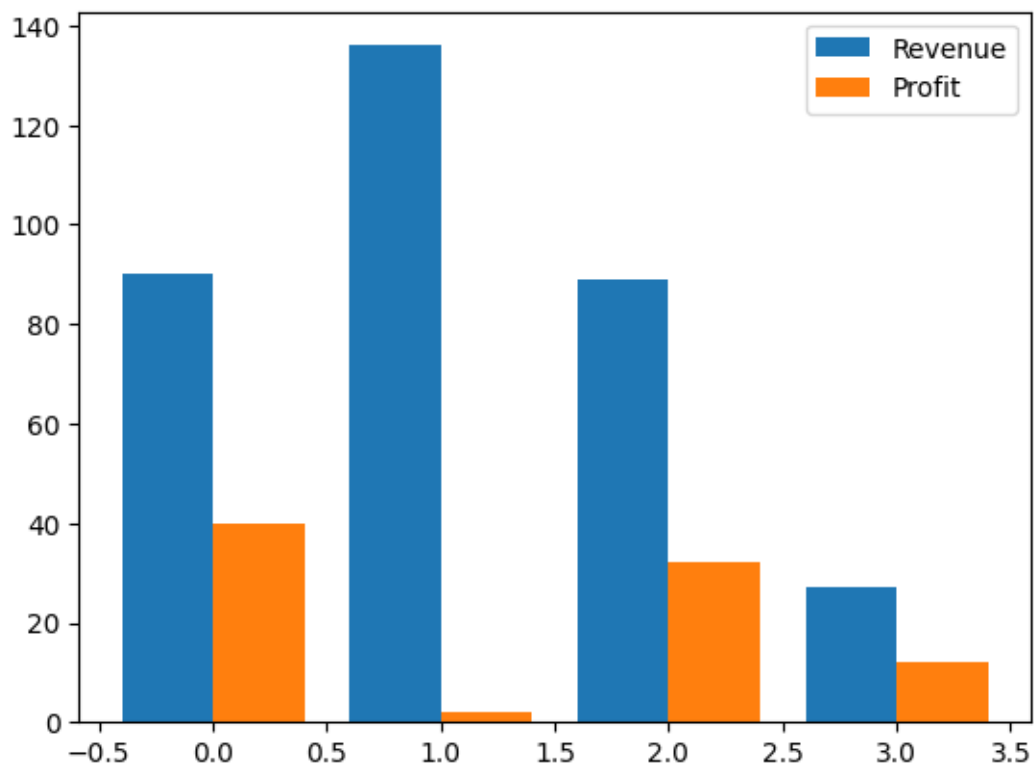
# Plot 2 bar chart:
plt.bar(xposition , profit , label= "Profit") # new bar chart profit
plt.legend() # print label
```

```
[12]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f2697c4f1c0>
```



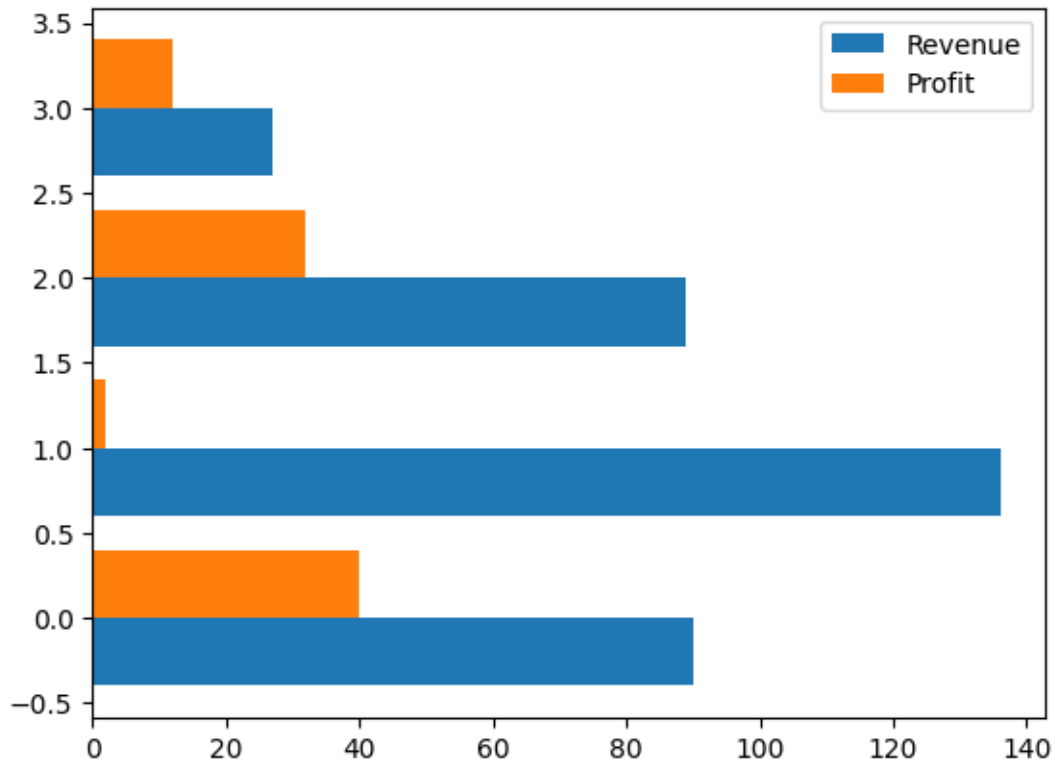
```
[13]: # Plot side by side:
plt.bar(xposition - 0.2 , revenue, label = "Revenue" , width=0.4)
plt.bar(xposition + 0.2 , profit , label= "Profit" , width= 0.4)
plt.legend()
```

```
[13]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f2697d9c0a0>
```



```
[14]: # Horizontal bar chart:  
plt.barh(xposition - 0.2 , revenue, label = "Revenue" , height=0.4)  
plt.barh(xposition + 0.2 , profit , label= "Profit" , height= 0.4)  
plt.legend()
```

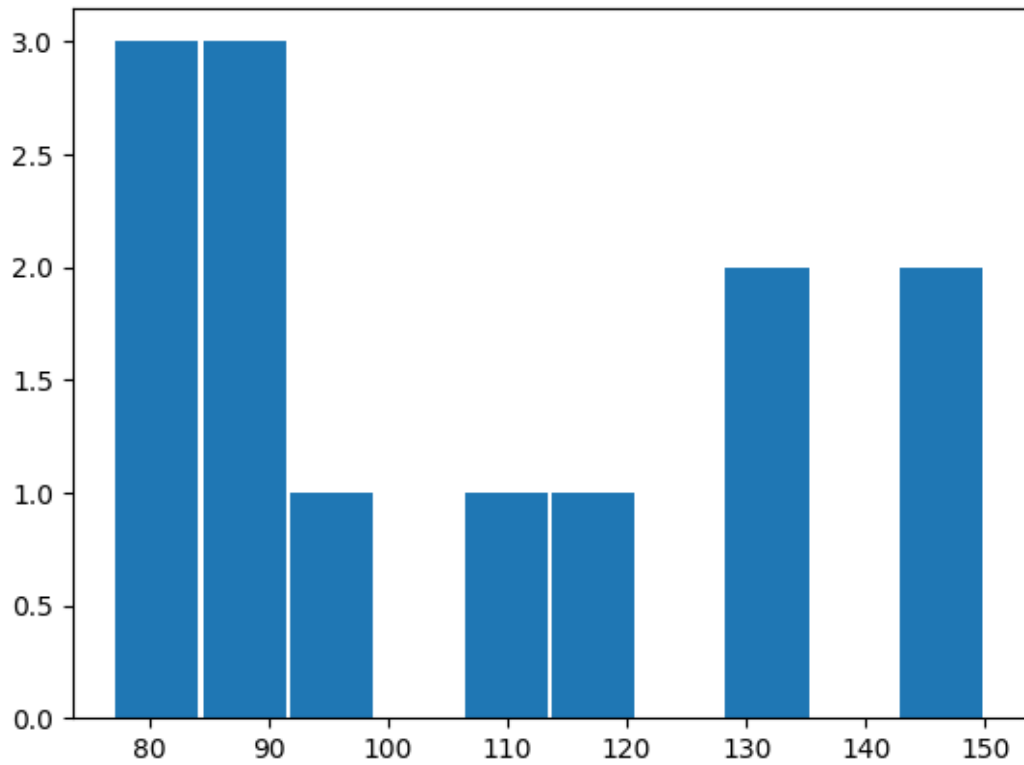
```
[14]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f269ff7c100>
```



1.8 Histogram

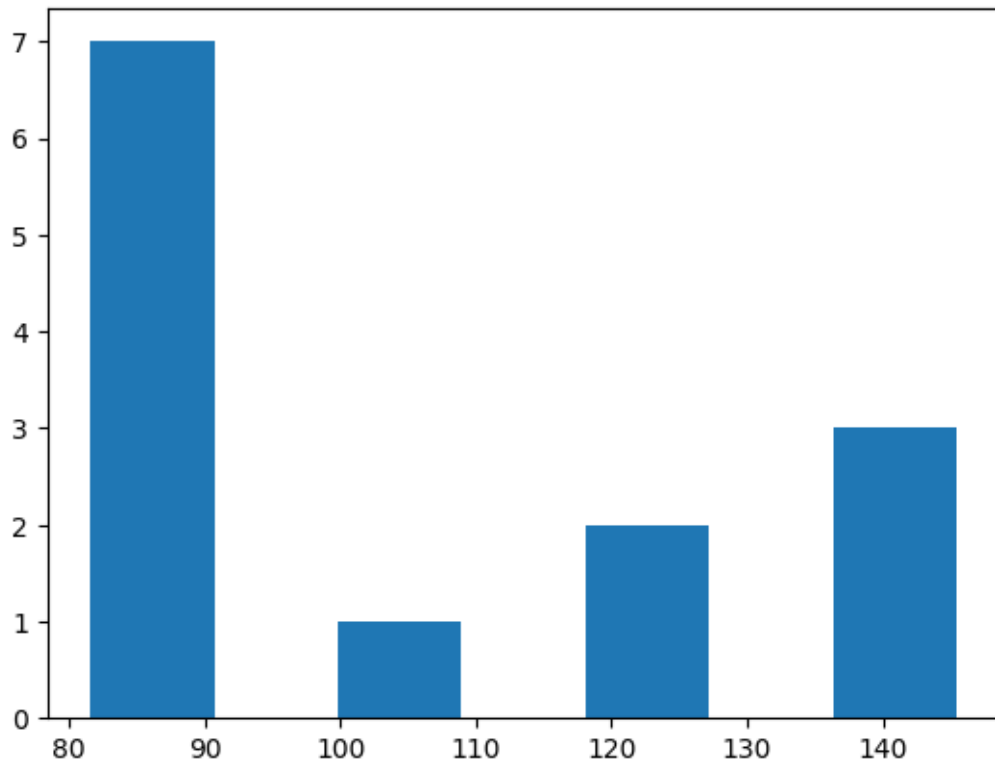
```
[15]: blood_sugar = [113, 85, 90, 150, 149, 88, 93, 115, 135, 80, 77, 82, 129]
plt.hist(blood_sugar , rwidth=.95 ) # rwidth --> relative width
# bins --> set ranges box n ... default is n bins
```

```
[15]: (array([3., 3., 1., 0., 1., 1., 0., 2., 0., 2.]),
array([ 77. ,  84.3,  91.6,  98.9, 106.2, 113.5, 120.8, 128.1, 135.4,
        142.7, 150. ]),
<BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```



```
[16]: # Bins  
plt.hist(blood_sugar,rwidth=0.5,bins=4)
```

```
[16]: (array([7., 1., 2., 3.]),  
      array([ 77.  ,  95.25, 113.5 , 131.75, 150.  ]),  
      <BarContainer object of 4 artists>)
```

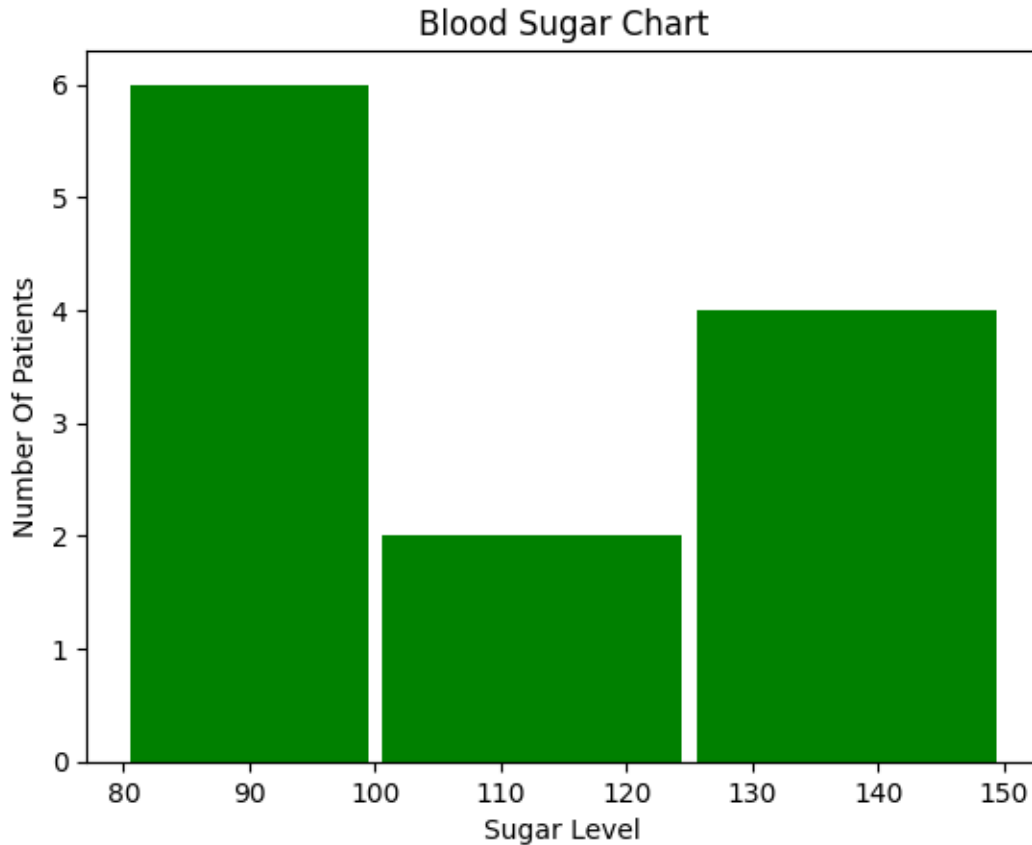


```
[17]: # Custom bins:

plt.xlabel("Sugar Level")
plt.ylabel("Number Of Patients")
plt.title("Blood Sugar Chart")

plt.hist(blood_sugar, bins=[80,100,125,150], rwidth=0.95, color='g')
```

```
[17]: (array([6., 2., 4.]),
      array([ 80., 100., 125., 150.]),
      <BarContainer object of 3 artists>)
```



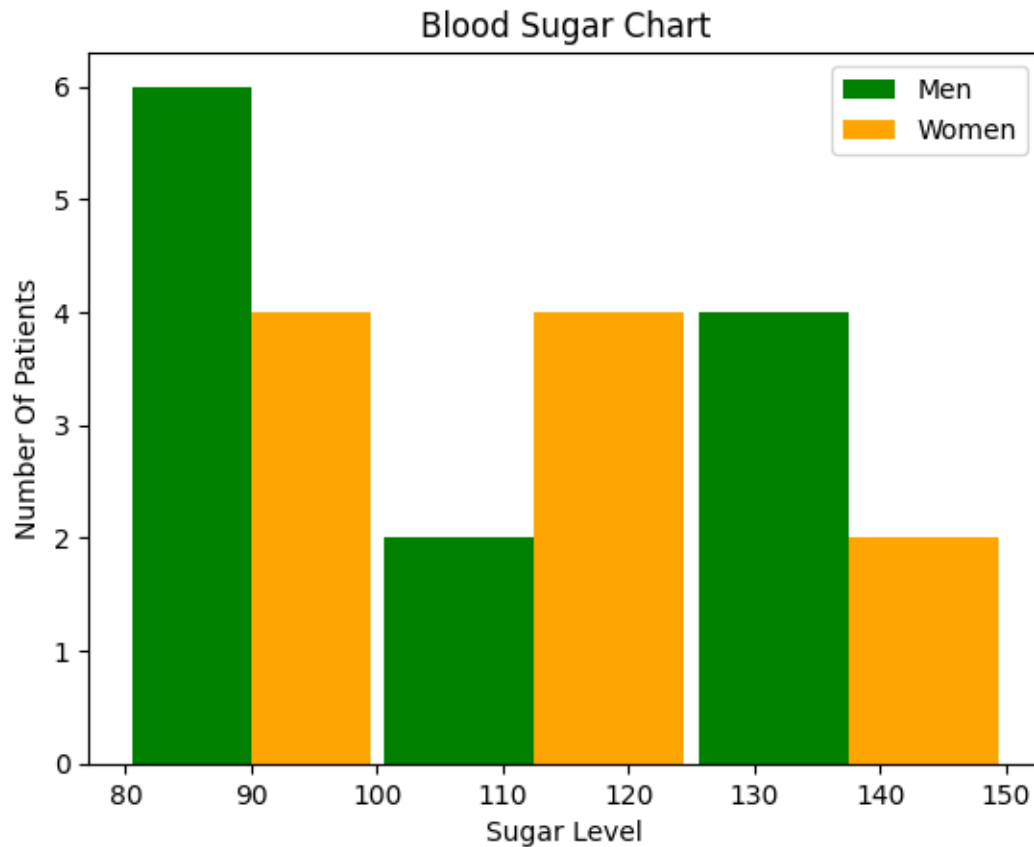
```
[18]: # Side by side Histogram:
```

```
plt.xlabel("Sugar Level")
plt.ylabel("Number Of Patients")
plt.title("Blood Sugar Chart")

blood_sugar_men = [113, 85, 90, 150, 149, 88, 93, 115, 135, 80, 77, 82, 129]
blood_sugar_women = [67, 98, 89, 120, 133, 150, 84, 69, 89, 79, 120, 112, 100]

plt.hist([blood_sugar_men,blood_sugar_women], bins=[80,100,125,150], rwidth=0.
↪95, color=['green','orange'],label=['Men','Women'])
plt.legend()
```

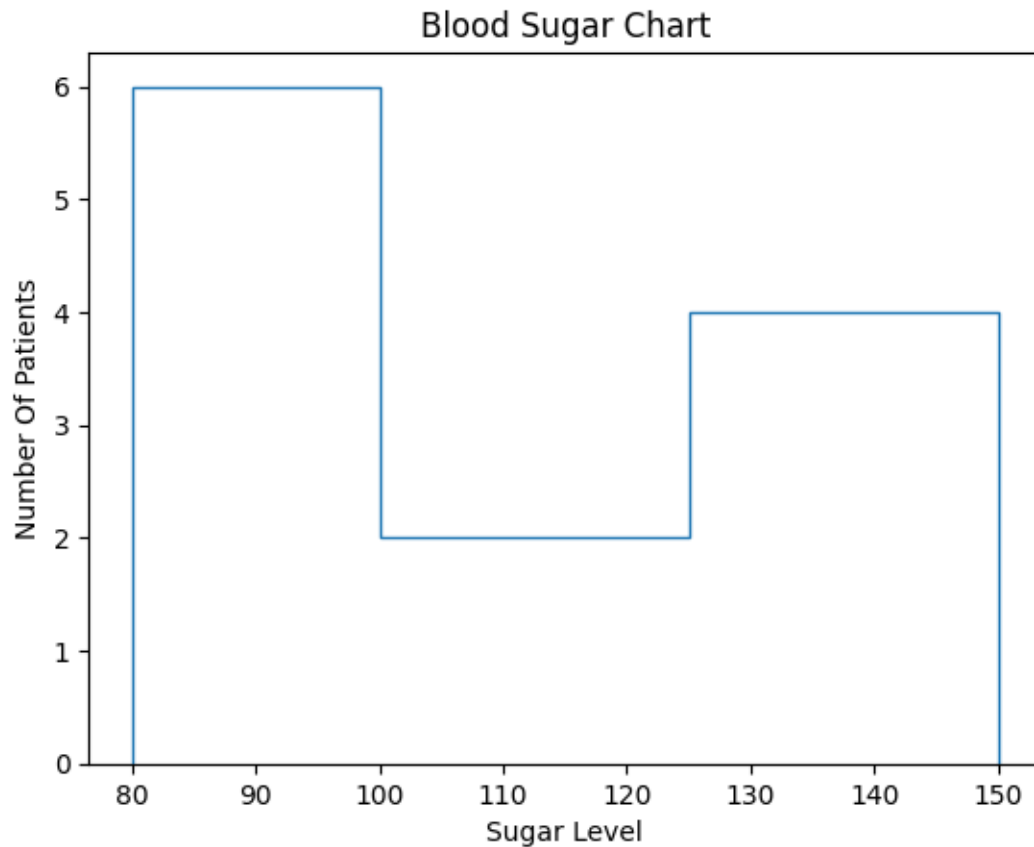
```
[18]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f269783e050>
```



```
[19]: # histtype=step
plt.xlabel("Sugar Level")
plt.ylabel("Number Of Patients")
plt.title("Blood Sugar Chart")

plt.hist(blood_sugar,bins=[80,100,125,150],rwidth=0.95,histtype='step')
```

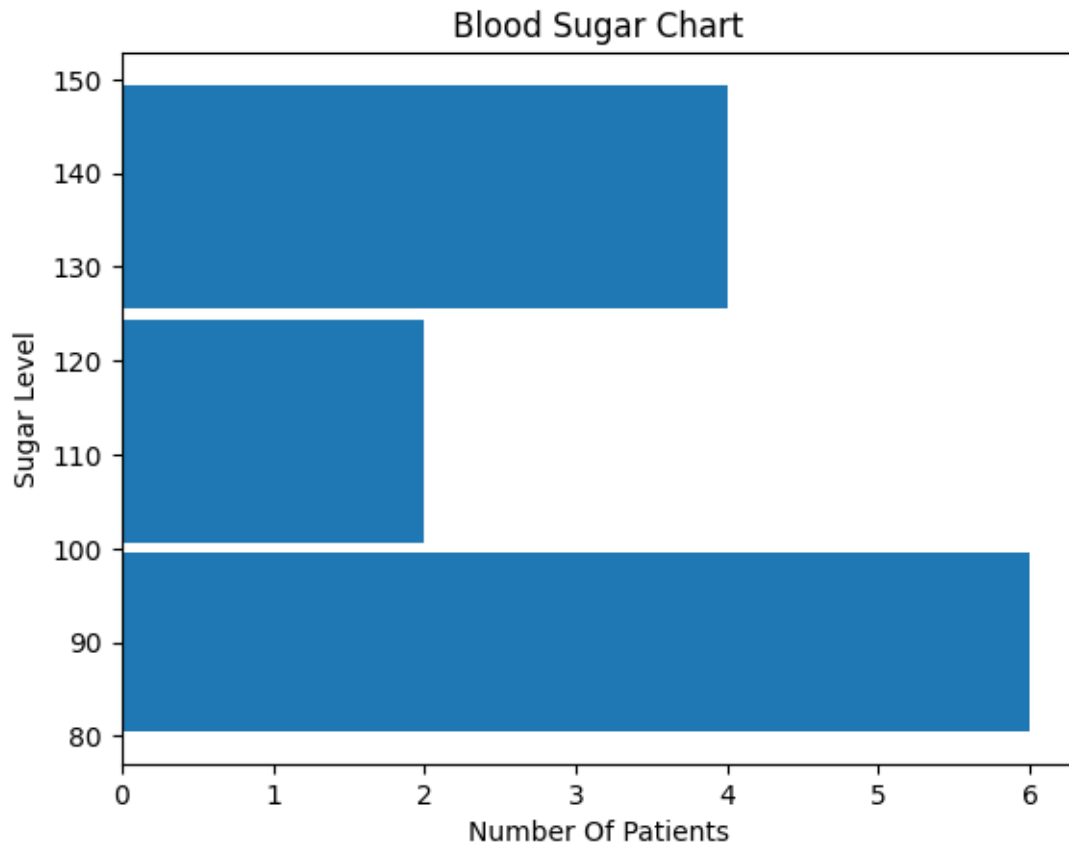
```
[19]: (array([6., 2., 4.]),
      array([ 80., 100., 125., 150.]),
      [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f26978f3130>])
```



```
[20]: # horizontal orientation:
plt.xlabel("Number Of Patients")
plt.ylabel("Sugar Level")
plt.title("Blood Sugar Chart")

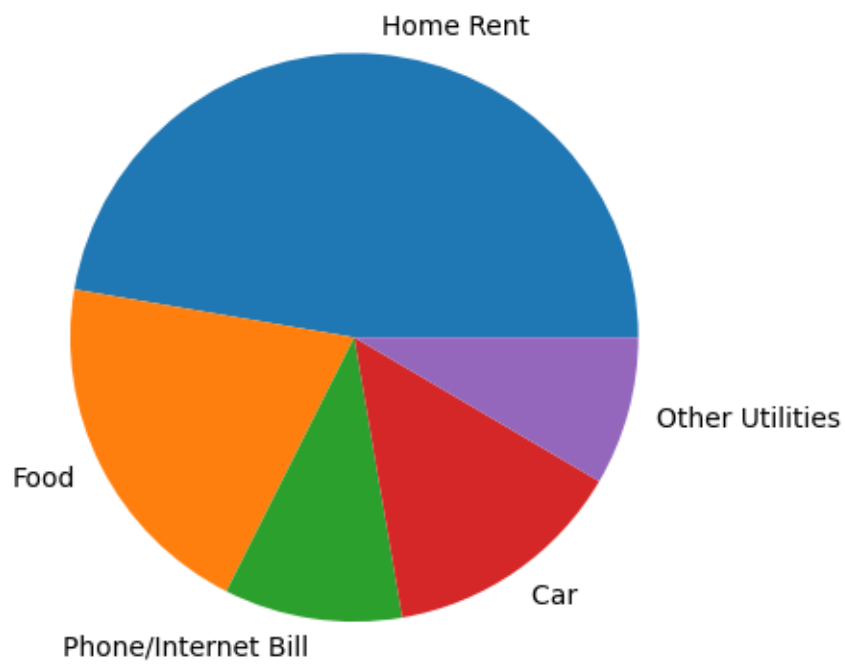
plt.hist(blood_sugar, bins=[80,100,125,150], rwidth=0.95,
         orientation='horizontal')
```

```
[20]: (array([6., 2., 4.]),
      array([ 80., 100., 125., 150.]),
      <BarContainer object of 3 artists>)
```

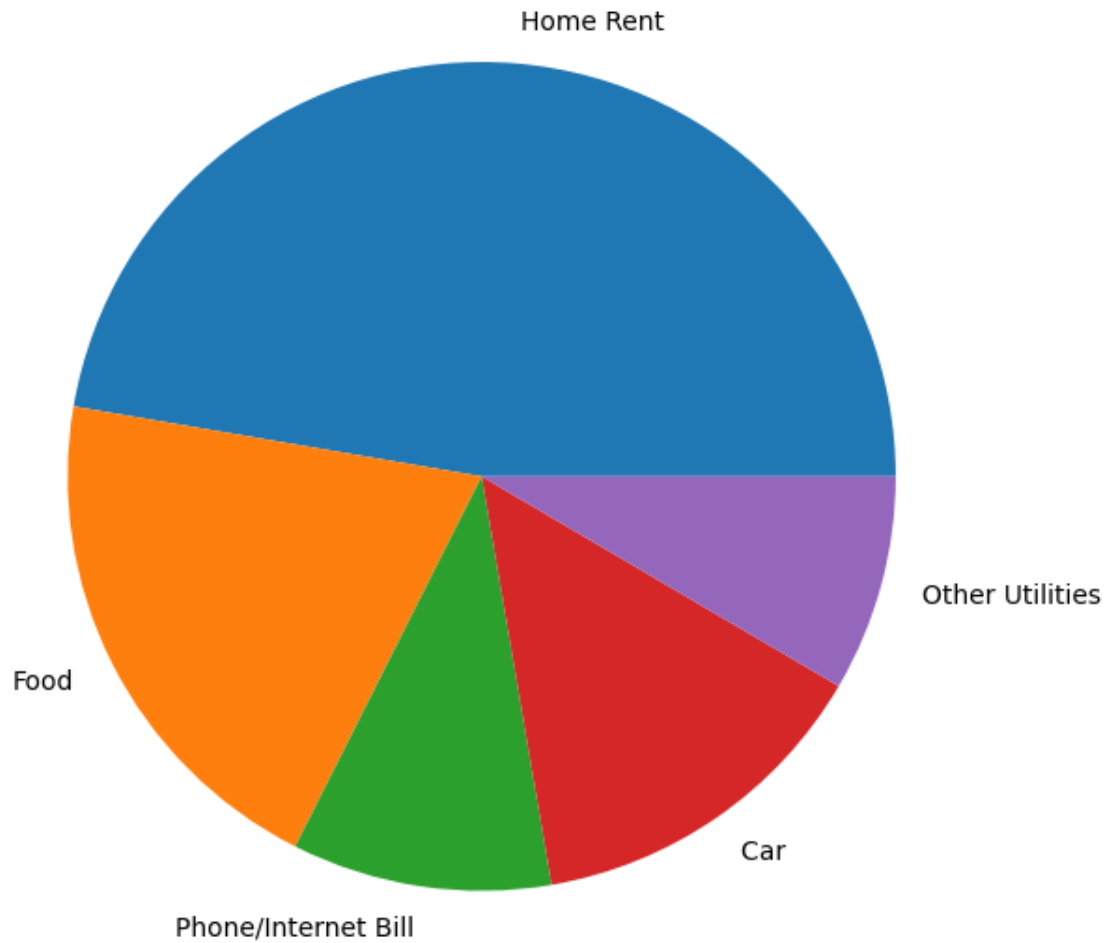


1.9 Pie Chart

```
[21]: exp_vals = [1400,600,300,410,250]
exp_labels = ["Home Rent","Food","Phone/Internet Bill","Car ","Other Utilities"]
plt.pie(exp_vals,labels=exp_labels)
plt.show()
```

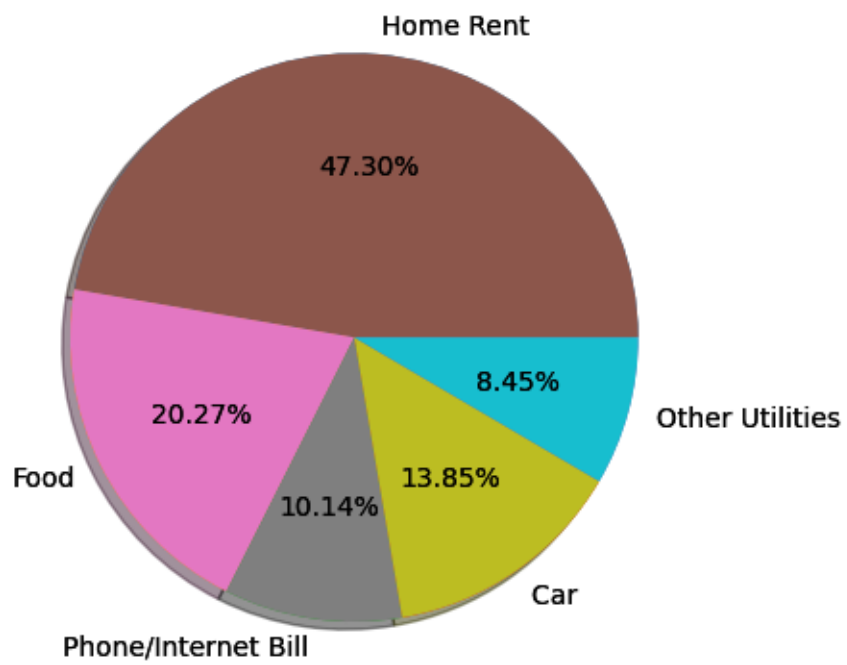


```
[22]: # Change Redious:  
plt.pie(exp_vals,labels=exp_labels , radius=1.5) # Default value is 1  
plt.show()
```

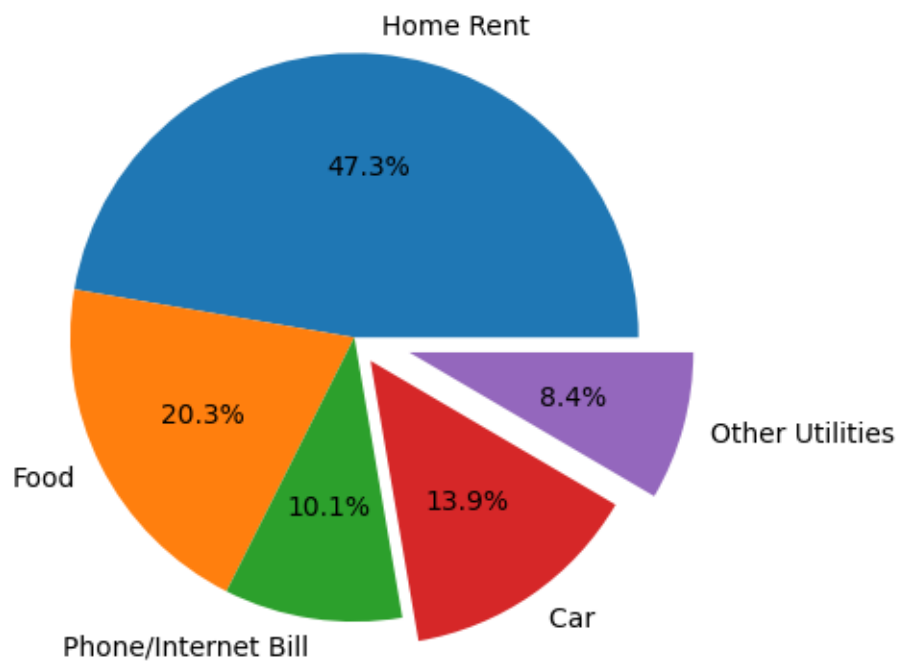


```
[23]: # Show percentage ( % ):
plt.pie(exp_vals,labels=exp_labels , autopct = "%0.2f%%" )# 0.2 --> after point,
    ↪ digits

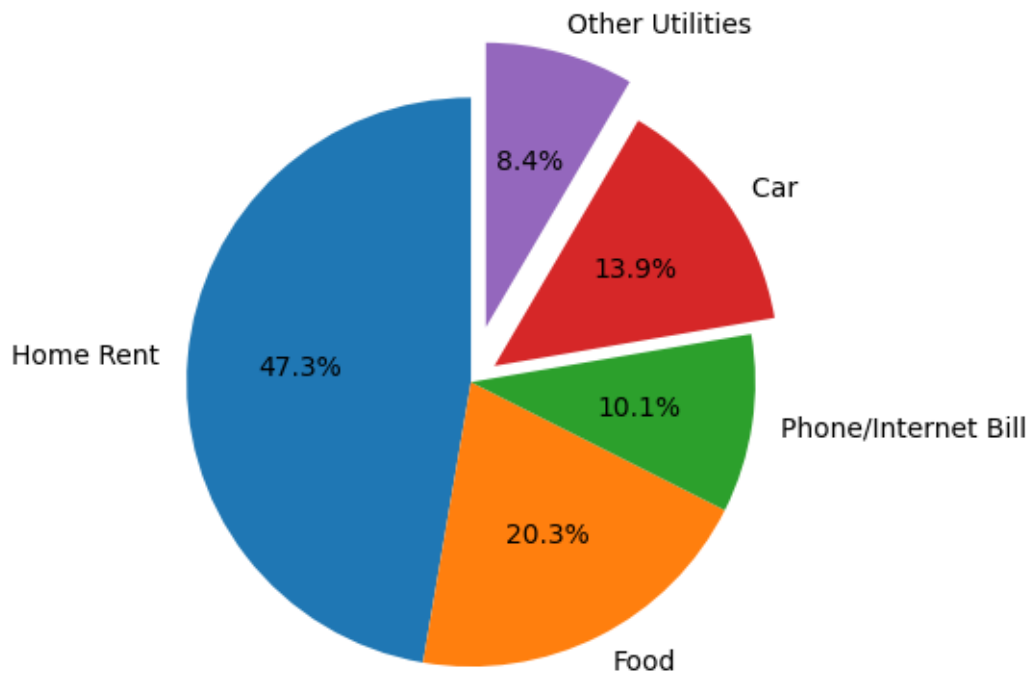
# Shadow :
plt.pie(exp_vals,labels=exp_labels , autopct = "%0.2f%%" , shadow=True)
plt.show()
```



```
[24]: # Explode:  
plt.pie(exp_vals, labels=exp_labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', explode=[0,0,0,0.1,0.2])  
plt.show()
```



```
[25]: # Rotate:
plt.pie(exp_vals, labels=exp_labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', explode=[0,0,0,0.1,0.2],
        ↪startangle = 90)
plt.show() # rotate 90 digres
```



1.10 Save Chart

```
[26]: plt.pie(exp_vals, labels=exp_labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', explode=[0,0,0,0.1,0.2],  
         ↪ startangle = 90)  
plt.savefig("pie.png")  
# Some Argument:  
# bbox_inches , pad_inches , transparent etc..
```

